











Positions & Angles Relative to PA Instance 2(3) Origin

Ions by Groups Define Ions Individually

> Versions 3.0/3.1, released in 1987, had new algorithms to address array refining and ion trajectory calculation issues.

Version 4.0 introduced the significant features of user programming (HP coding system) and enhanced ion trajectory visualizations. These user programs served to allow PC SIMION to attack whole new classes of ion simulation problems (e.g. TOFs, bunchers, quadrupoles, ion traps, and simple FTMS simulations)

Version 5.0, created in 1989, was the first tentative step toward a 3D asymmetrical version of PC SIMION. It was a FORTRAN based program that supported 2D arrays of up to one million points BUT the refine times of classical finite difference algorithms are proportional to the number of array points squared (the n² limitation) => not formally distributed

Skipped point refining methods permitted version 6.0 to support array sizes up to 10 million points. This was a good match with personal computer capabilities in 1995; files .PRG file can be used to monitor and control: ion initial conditions, fast adjustable potentials, potentials and gradients, integration time step, ion accelerations, and the ion's state including position, velocity, mass, charge, color, death, and etc



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Version 7.0 (2000), as in previous PC SIMION versions, strives to couple its capability enhancements with the capabilities of the current PC hardware and software. Thus
7.0 can support 50 million point arrays (requiring 500 MB of RAM) versus 6.0's maximum of 10 million points.

David Manura started around 2004 at Scientific Instrument Services, introducing 7 SL, 8, 8.1, and 8.2 early access

SIMION SL Toolkit (2006)

RCP INSTRUMEN

Version 8.0 (2008) => Incorporating Lua programming language; Increased maximum PA size limit from 50 million (~500MB) to effectively ~200 million (~2GB)– or ~300 million (~3GB); Increased maximum number of ions in memory from 500 thousand (~84 MB) to 10 million (~1.7 GB); Now compiling under Visual C++ 2005 (was Visual C++ 6 before). This provides measurably better performance and roughly ~20-40% reductions in run-time from SIMION 7.0

Tools such as PC SIMION should not be used in blind faith. Just because a few ions manage to get through does not mean the design is acceptable. It is important to understand the physics of the problem and the implications of the chosen simulation





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D. A. Dahl, "SIMION for the personal computer in reflection," Int. J. Mass Spectrom. 200 (2000) 3

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09:00	Welcome Laurent & Pierre	
	J. Rangama (CIMAP)	
09:20	Realtime beam profiles using SIMION and GNUplot	
09:45	E. Giglio (CIMAP)	UP Swap DN
	Dirichlet and Neumann boundary conditions in SIMION	
10:10	P. Salou (Pantechnik) SIMION applied to ECR ion sources	Qe+QQ usec
10:35	Coffe break	19e+99 amu
	J. Bernard (Lyon)	nits
11:00	Ion trajectory simulations for the design of a compact electrostatic ion storage ring :	
		<u>u</u>
11:25	TOF spectrometer / multiple-electrode devices	<u>u</u>
	P. Chauveau (GANIL)	α
11:50	Using Simplex method for ion trap optimization	
12:15	Lunch Time	Deg
First El Ang	E. Traykov (IPHC)	Deg
13:30	Ion-atom interactions in a gas jet: coupling of a gas catcher to a linear RFQ cooler	1000e+01 eV
13.55	S. Damoy (GANIL)	
10.00	Drift field in particle detectors	
14:25	Discussion - Requests	Color 1
15:00	End	le Manager
	09:00 09:20 09:45 10:10 10:35 11:00 11:25 11:50 12:15 13:30 13:55 14:25 15:00	Program09:00Welcome Laurent & Pierre09:20I. Rangama (CIMAP) Realtime beam profiles using SIMION and GNUplot09:45Dirichlet and Neumann boundary conditions in SIMION10:10Intropolation (Comparison)10:10SIMION applied to ECR ion sources10:35Coffe break11:00Ion trajectory simulations for the design of a compact electrostatic ion storage ring : the Mini-Ring11:25Chauveau (GANIL) Using Simplex method for ion trap optimization12:15Lunch Time13:30Ion-atom interactions in a gas jet: coupling of a gas catcher to a linear RFQ cooler13:55S. Damoy (GANIL) Drift field in particle detectors15:00End



